

Adapting to Geopolitical Disruption

What Governments and Companies
Must Do to Stay Competitive



Geopolitical hotspots beyond Europe

GLOBAL TIMES

The World's Authority on International Affairs

PLANET ON THE BRINK: GLOBAL CONFLICT ERUPTS

FLASHPOINTS:
Ukraine, Gaza, Taiwan
Korean Peninsula,
and More

Global Wars Intensity
Refugee Crisis Worsens Fears
Cyber Warfare Escalates



Uncertainty



A Transformative Moment in History

- The international system is not just being tested; it is being fundamentally reshaped. This challenge extends beyond the European and global security order, profoundly impacting the global trading system as well.
- The future is not predetermined, but a space we can navigate with strategic foresight and actively shape with our actions.
- To be safe and competitive in this new reality, we must first acknowledge that our world is being reshaped and that the "holiday from history" is definitively over.



The Rise of Geoeconomics



The use of economics to advance political (strategic) goals



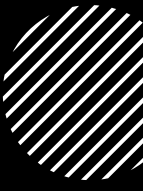
Economics and security thinking becoming intertwined



The norms and rules governing the international economy uprooted



Trends that shape the global economy



Weaponization of the economy



Economic Security as a new norm

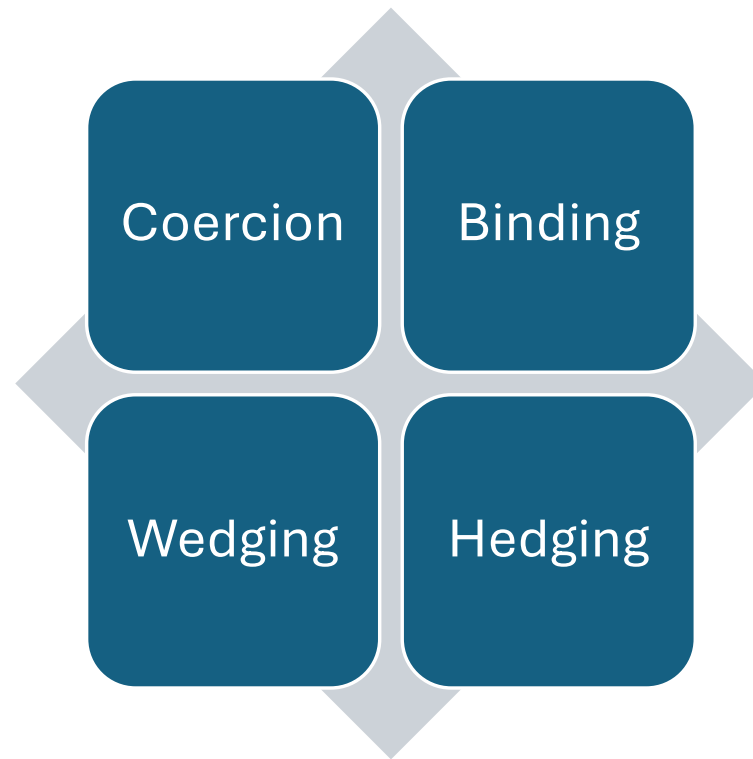


The crumbling rules-based trading
order



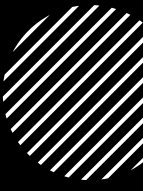
Balkanization of the global economy?

Geoeconomic Tradecraft





Tools of Geoeconomics



Tariffs impact international trade



Sanctions alter economic relations



Export controls regulate sensitive goods



Strategic corruption undermines stability



Economic and industrial espionage steals critical innovations

Tools of Economic Security

- Inbound and outbound FDI screening
- Data localisation regulations
- Science and technology cooperation restrictions
- Critical infrastructure protection regulations
- Reshoring subsidies
- New industrial policy
- Innovation policies adjusted toward defence and security

Consequences for businesses

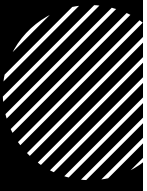
- The golden age of globalization is over
- The separation between the state and business is over
- Access to markets, materials and resources, finances, talent and data at risk
- Reorganisation of global value and supply chains
- Companies as tools for state interest
- End of “neutrality” - pressure to choose sides

Key tensions

- The efficiency vs. resilience conundrum
- Neoliberal ideals and strategic capitalism
 - FDI screening
 - Industrial policy
 - Innovation policy
 - Subsidization
 - Public procurement
- Security versus competitiveness



What governments must do?



Find balance between competitiveness and security, efficiency and resilience, neoliberalism and strategic capitalism



Security is imperative, but do need industrial and innovation policies for e.g. AI?



Leverage economic statecraft and security, whilst avoiding protectionism

What businesses must do?

Rethinking

Rethinking globalization era strategies, integrate geostrategy (risk vs opportunity)

Think

Think more strategically about resilience, going beyond “bouncing back”

Improve

Improve the understanding of dependencies and vulnerabilities in the supply chain

Establish

Establish geoeconomic agency, actively shape and influence government policy where possible



***The greatest danger in times
of turbulence, is not the
turbulence, it's acting with
yesterday's logic.***

Peter Drucker